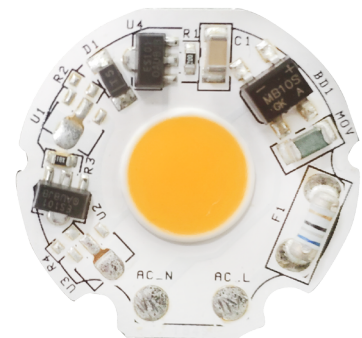


EdiPower® III

# DOB LC Series

**C290723**

## Datasheet



Down Light



Spot Light



PAR Lamp



Bulb

### Introduction :

Compared with DC LED modules, Edison DOB(driver on board) Series module doesn't need to connect external driver so that it can help to reduce the circuit cost and the size of luminaires. It is more convenient for luminaire design with DOB Series module. Users can adjust the brightness of LED lamps easily with Smart lighting dimming system.

### Description :

- 7W\_230V\_95lm/W
- CCT : 2700/3000/4000/5000/5700/6500 K
- CRI(Ra) min : 80, 90
- Power Factor > 0.90
- Current THD < 30%

### Feature and Benefits :

- Internal Structure: Aluminum mirror Chip on Board
- High efficiency and high power factor (PF>0.90) & Low THD
- Color consistency and is compliant with 3-step / 5-step MacAdam

## Table of Contents

---

General Information.....	3
Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	4
Luminous Flux Characteristic .....	5
Chromaticity coordinates( $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).....	6
Mechanical Dimensions.....	7
Characteristic curve.....	8
Reliability.....	12
Product Packaging Information.....	13
Handling with a DOB Series.....	14
Revision History .....	17
About Edison Opto.....	17

## General Information

### Ordering Code Format

<u>2</u> X1	<u>D A A</u> X2-X4		<u>C</u> X5	<u>x</u> X6	<u>x 0</u> X7-X8	<u>2 3</u> X9-X10	<u>0 7</u> X11-X12	<u>x x</u> X13-X14	<u>x x</u> X15-X16
X1 Type		X2-X4 Component		X5 Dimensions		X6 Internal code		X7-X8 CRI(Ra)	
2	Emitter	DAA	DOB Series	C	Circle	-	-	80	80
								90	90
X9-X10 Voltage		X11-X12 Emitter Power		X13-X14 Emitting color		X15-X16 Serial Number			
23	230V	07	7W	27	2700K	-	-		
				30	3000K				
				40	4000K				
				50	5000K				
				57	5700K				
				65	6500K				

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Maximum operation voltage	$V_{op}$	253	V
Power Dissipation	$P_d$	7.8	W
Operation temperature	$T_{op}$	-30~+65	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{st}$	-40~+100	°C
Case Temperature	$T_c$	100	°C
Junction Temperature	$T_j$	125	°C
Insulation voltage	Viso[RMS]	1.5	KV
Tolerance of Surge	Vs	1.5	KV

Note:

Need to put thermal conductive pad under the module (Size Phi 35mm) that insulation voltage can reach 3KV.

## Luminous Flux Characteristic

Order Code	CCT (K)	Luminous Flux(lm) T <sub>c</sub> =25°C		Efficacy (lm/W)	CRI Ra	CRI R9	Vac	Watt
		Min.	Typ.	Typ.	Min.	Min.	Typ.	
2DAACN8023072708	2700	590	655	92	80	0	230	7.1
2DAACN8023073008	3000	621	690	97	80	0	230	7.1
2DAACN8023074008	4000	635	705	99	80	0	230	7.1
2DAACN8023075008	5000	648	720	101	80	0	230	7.1
2DAACN8023075708	5700	639	710	100	80	0	230	7.1
2DAACN8023076508	6500	626	695	98	80	0	230	7.1
2DAACN9023072708	2700	537	597	84	90	50	230	7.1
2DAACN9023073008	3000	558	620	87	90	50	230	7.1
2DAACN9023074008	4000	574	638	90	90	50	230	7.1
2DAACN9023075008	5000	585	650	92	90	50	230	7.1
2DAACN9023075708	5700	572	635	89	90	50	230	7.1
2DAACN9023076508	6500	563	625	88	90	50	230	7.1

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Condition
Viewing Angle FWHM	2θ1/2	105	115	120	deg	Vop=230V
Operation Voltage	Vop	198	230	253	V	-
Power Dissipation	Pd	6.39	7.10	7.81	W	Vop=230V
Operation Frequency	Fop	50 / 60			Hz	Vop=230V
Power Factor	PF	Over 0.90			-	Vop=230V
Current THD	ATHD	Less than 30%			%	Vop=230V

Notes:

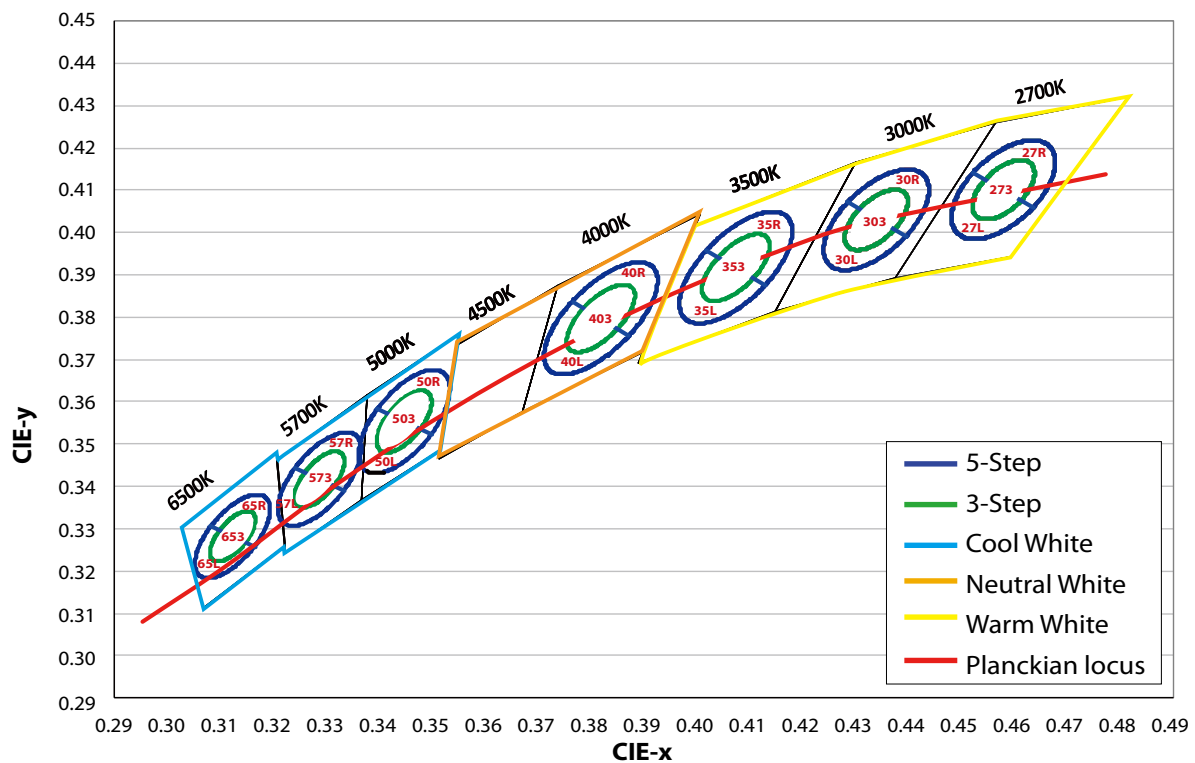
1. At 230Vac, Ta=25°C.
2. Edison Opto Corp. maintains luminous flux ±10%, Ra and R9±2 tolerance.

## Chromaticity coordinates( $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Color region stay within Macadam "3-Step/5-step" ellipse from the chromaticity center.

The chromaticity center refers to ANSI C78.377:2008.

Please refer to ANSI C78.377 for the chromaticity center.



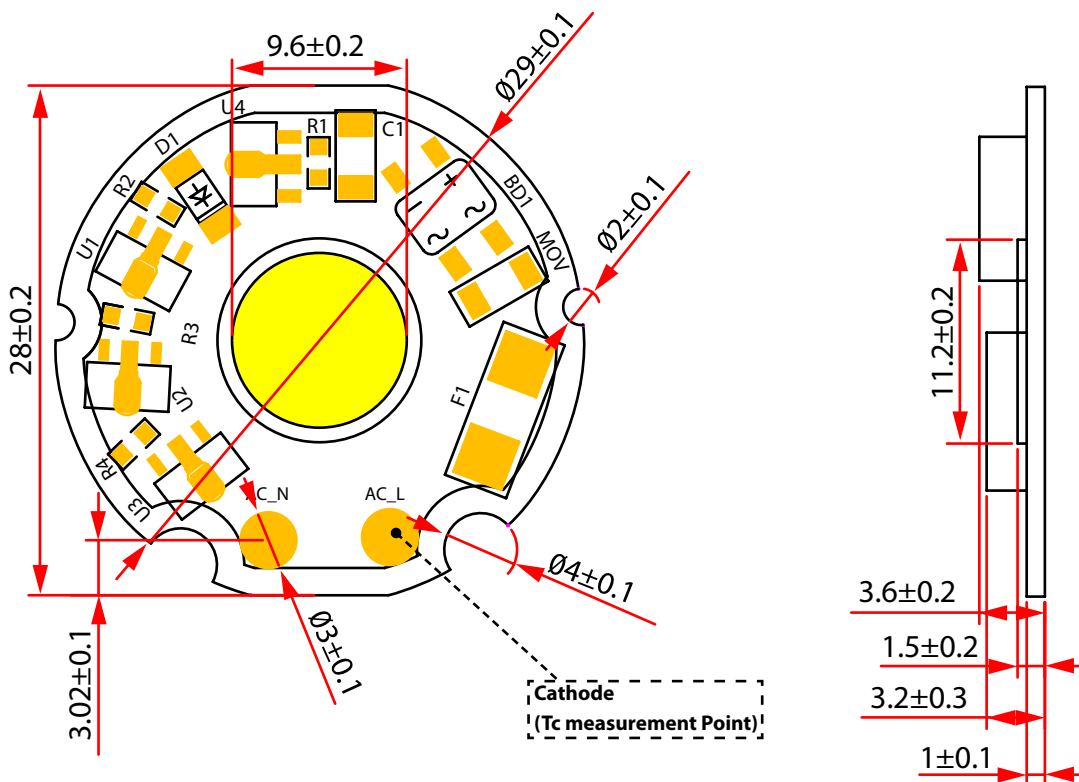
CCT	Steps	Cx	Cy	a	b	theta
2700K	5	0.4578	0.4101	0.01350	0.00700	53.70
3000K	5	0.4338	0.4030	0.01390	0.00680	53.22
3500K	5	0.4073	0.3917	0.01545	0.00690	54.00
4000K	5	0.3818	0.3797	0.01565	0.00670	53.72
5000K	5	0.3447	0.3553	0.01370	0.00590	59.62
5700K	5	0.3287	0.3417	0.01243	0.00533	59.09
6500K	5	0.3123	0.3282	0.01115	0.00475	58.57

CCT	Steps	Cx	Cy	a	b	theta
2700K	3	0.4578	0.4101	0.00810	0.00420	53.70
3000K	3	0.4338	0.4030	0.00834	0.00408	53.22
3500K	3	0.4073	0.3917	0.00927	0.00414	54.00
4000K	3	0.3818	0.3797	0.00939	0.00402	53.72
5000K	3	0.3447	0.3553	0.00822	0.00354	59.62
5700K	3	0.3287	0.3417	0.00746	0.00320	59.09
6500K	3	0.3123	0.3282	0.00669	0.00285	58.57

Note: CIE<sub>x,y</sub> tolerance:  $\pm 0.005$ .

## Mechanical Dimensions

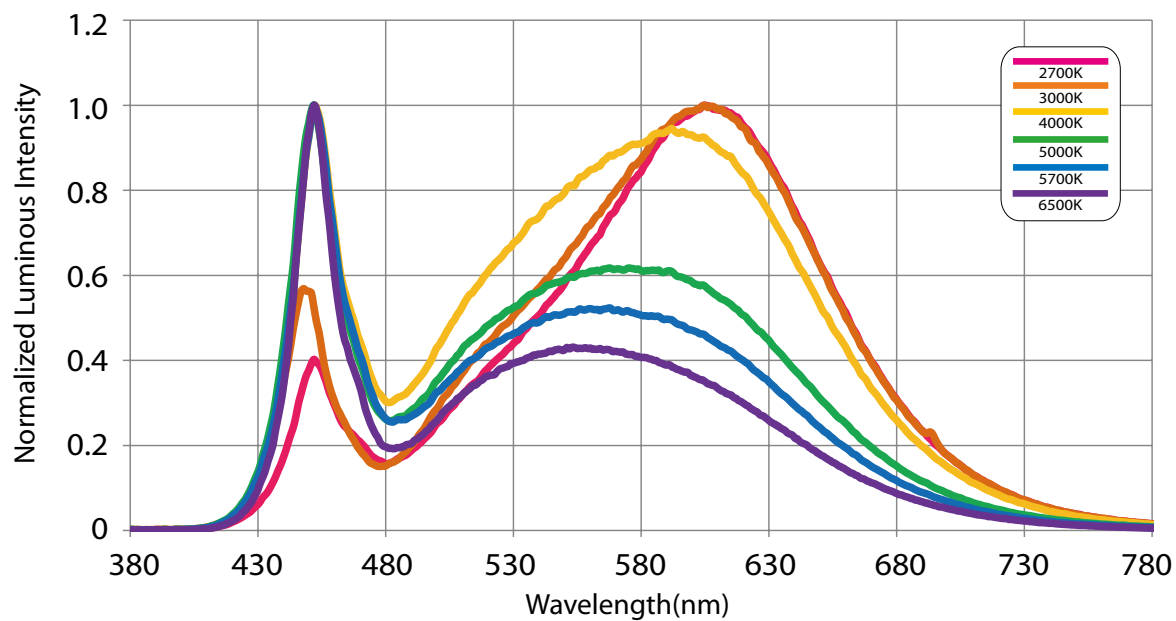
## Emitter Dimensions



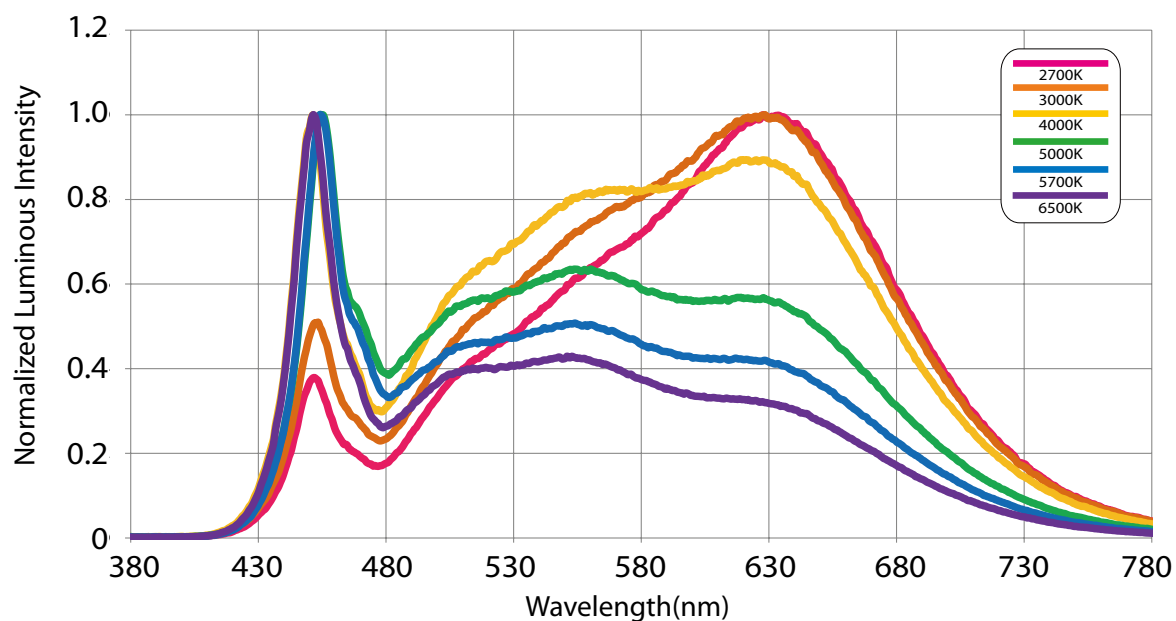
Note :  
Unit : mm

## Characteristic curve

**Color Spectrum(Tc=25°C,VAC=230V)\_Ra 80**

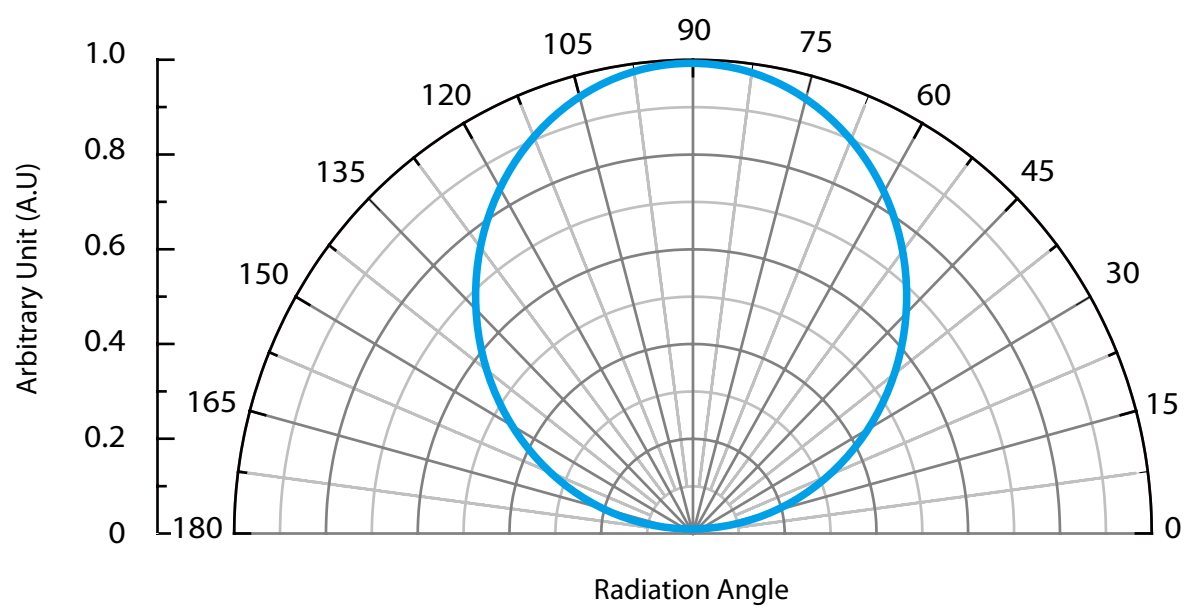


**Color Spectrum(Tc=25°C,VAC=230V)\_Ra 90**

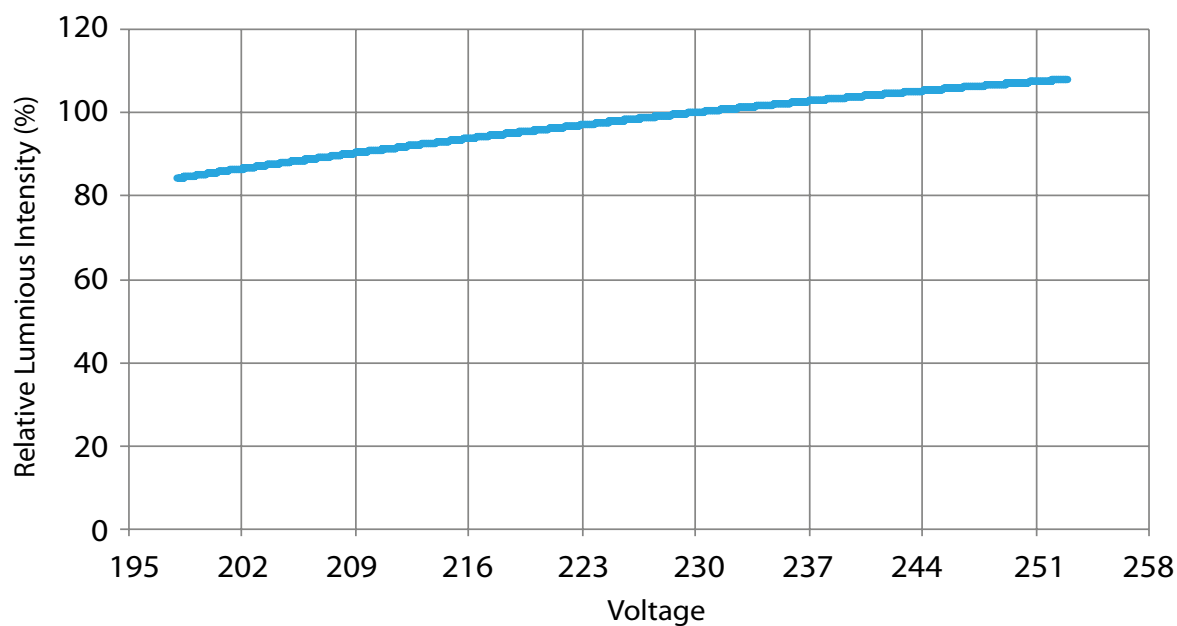




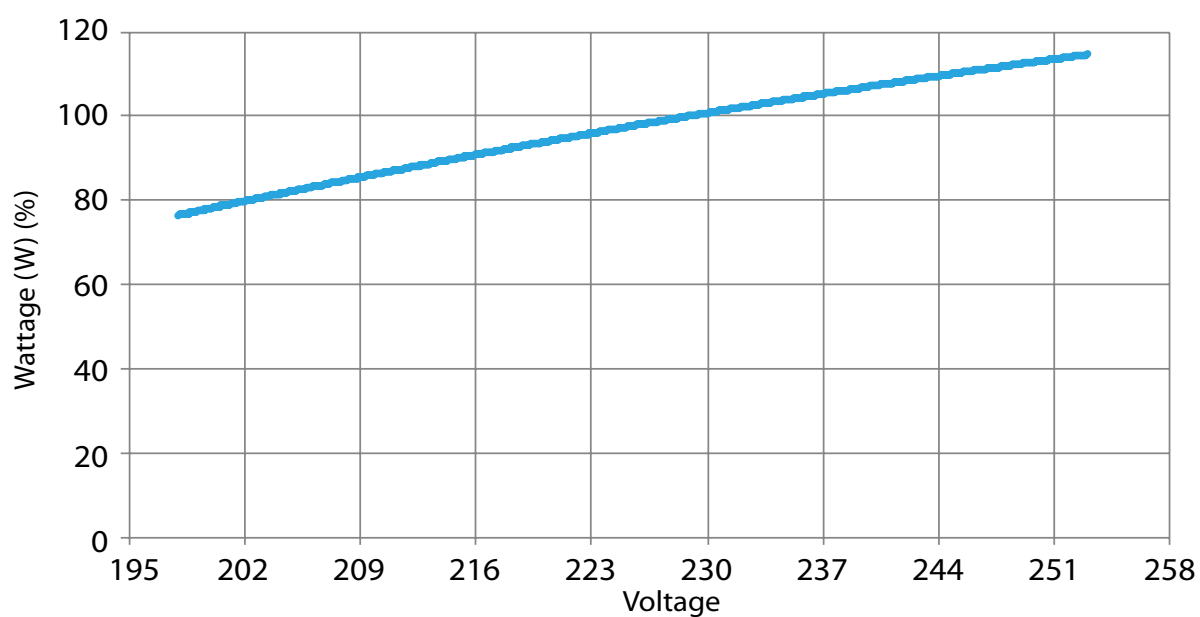
## Beam Pattern



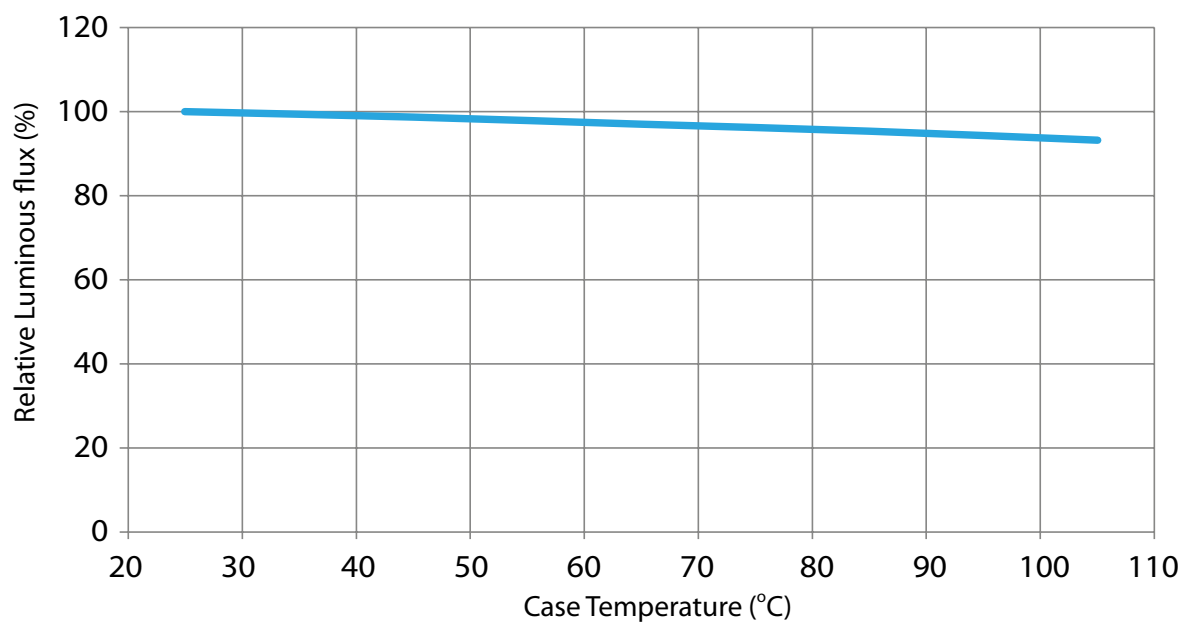
### Relative luminous Intensity vs. Voltage( $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )



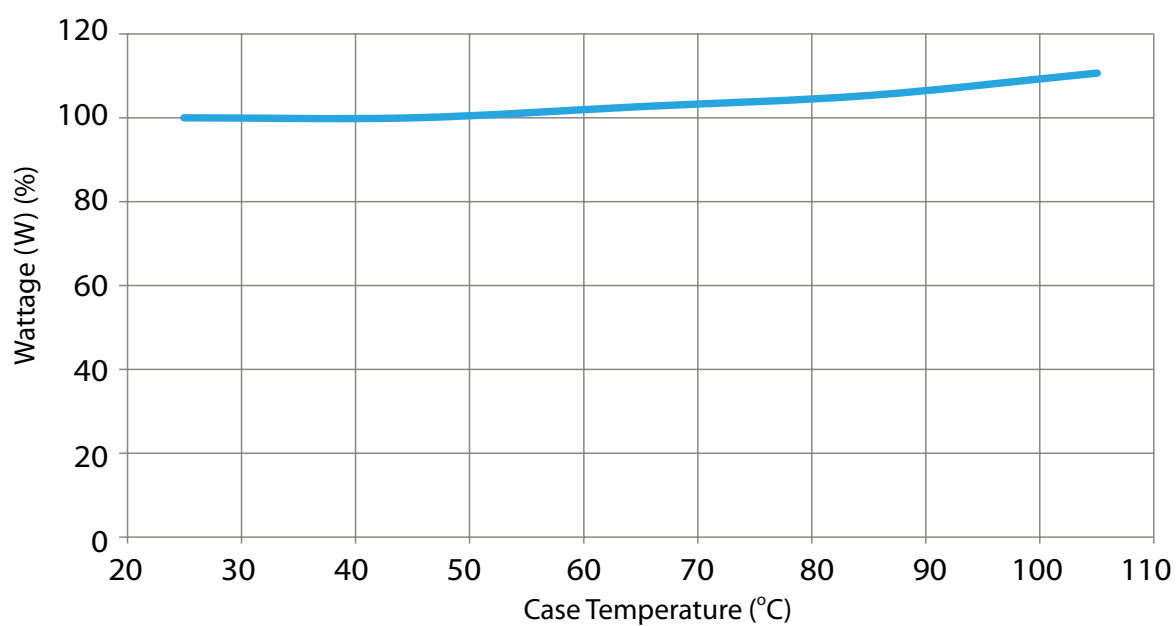
### Wattage vs. Voltage( $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )



### Relative Luminous Flux vs. Case Temperature(VAC=230V)



### Wattage vs. Case Temperature(VAC=230V)



## Reliability

NO .	Test Item	Test Condition	Remark
1	Temperature Cycle	-40°C~100°C ( 30 mins / 30 mins )	100 Cycle
2	Low-Temperature Storage	Ta= -40°C	1000 hrs
3	High-Temperature Storage	Ta=105°C	1000 hrs
4	High Temperature High Humidity Life test	Ta=85°C, RH=85%	500 hrs
5	Operation Life test	Ta = 25°C	1000 hrs
6	High Temperature Operation Life test	Tc = 85°C	1000 hrs
7	ON/OFF Test	3 sec ON, 3 sec OFF	1.5W times

## Failure Criteria

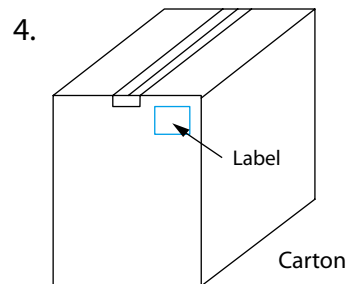
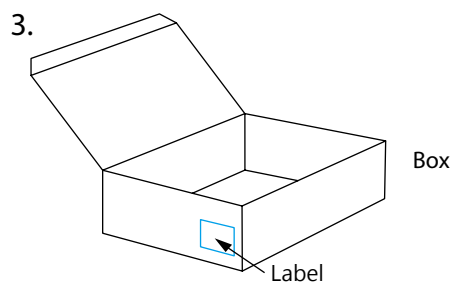
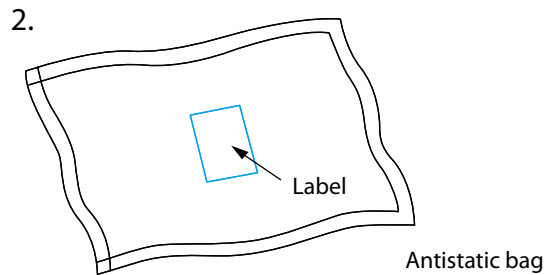
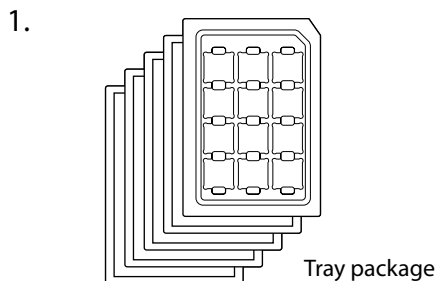
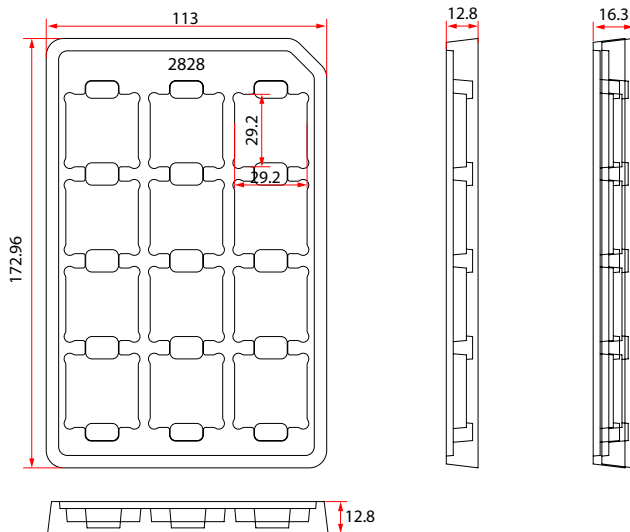
Item	Criteria for Judgment	
	Min.	Max.
Luminous Flux	0.85	-
$\Delta u'v'$	-	0.006
Forward Voltage	-	Initial Data x 1.1
Resistance to Soldering Heat	No dead lamps or visual damage	

## Cautions

LED avoids being stored and lighted in the environment containing sulfur. Some materials, such as seals, printing ink, enclosure and adhesives, may contain sulfur, avoiding the exposure in acid or halogen environment.

## Product Packaging Information

### Tray Packing



### Packaging items

#### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in mm.
2. There are 12pcs emitters in a full tray.
3. There are 6 trays in a bag.
4. There are 2 bags in a box.
5. There are 10 boxes in a carton.
6. A bag contains one humidity indicator card and drying agent.
7. Carton dimensions: 488x260x364mm.

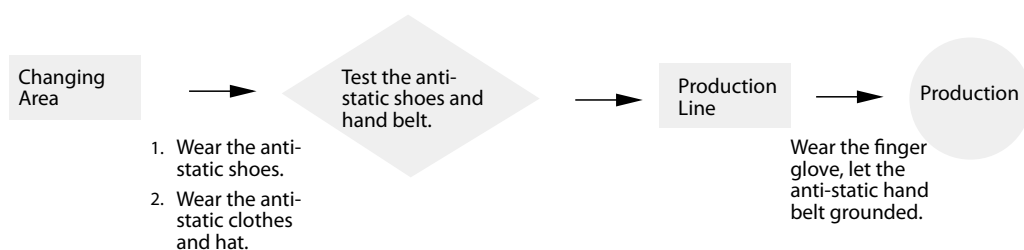
## Handling with a DOB Series

√ Both the light emitting area and white dam over the light emitting area is composed of resin materials. Please avoid the resin area from being pressed, stressed, rubbed, come into contact with sharp metal nail because the function, performance and reliability of this product are negatively impacted.

√ LED device are combine by many accurate parts which belong to static sensitive device. A human body may aware of the discharge voltage about 2-3KV, which is much larger than an electronic device may bear. Therefore, to keep the LED operation environment away from static and lower the exits static become an important issue in a LED manufacture.

1. Anti-Static Steps - All the staffs who has the possibility to contact with the LED components should follow the instructions to eliminate the static:

- Put on the hand or finger gloves before touch a LED device. (Do not use a nylon or rubber Glove )
- Do not do any actions that may generate the static in the protection area. Such as wipe hands or foot, put on/off the clothes.
- Avoid any movement that may cause static damages. When remove a component from the package, please be slow and gentle.
- Do not touch the metal part of a LED component.



2. Environmental anti-static protection

- Use an anti-static floor and make earth. Materials such as plastic or rubber contain carbon or conductive polyester is recommended.
- LEDs should be operated on the desk which is laid by the static discharge material.
- Protection area with a temperature at  $22\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and a relative humidity at  $70\pm10\%\text{RH}$  are recommended.
- Layout an appropriate earth system. All the equipment should earth isolated into the ground or pillar.
- All soldering and testing equipment should also provide earth ability.
- Prevent the accumulation and the fractions between stuffs.

### 3. Anti-Static steps for package, transportation and storage.

- Package: All the bags must have the ability of anti-static. Do not use any nylon bag, normal plastic bag or polyester bag for package. Do not open the bag if a LED is not ready to be handling. Open the bag at the protection area and put in a conductive case.
- Transportation: The cart should install the conductive wheels. Avoid the mechanical vibration and impacts.
- Storage: Be attention of the temperature and the relative humidity under the suggest condition.

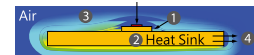
### √ Thermal Management

About 80% of input power of a LED transform into heat. A high temperature operation condition always easily causes the LEDs to decrease of flux and the life decay of LED dies. The highest operation temperature of a component is able to be found in its datasheet which is indicated as  $T_j$ .

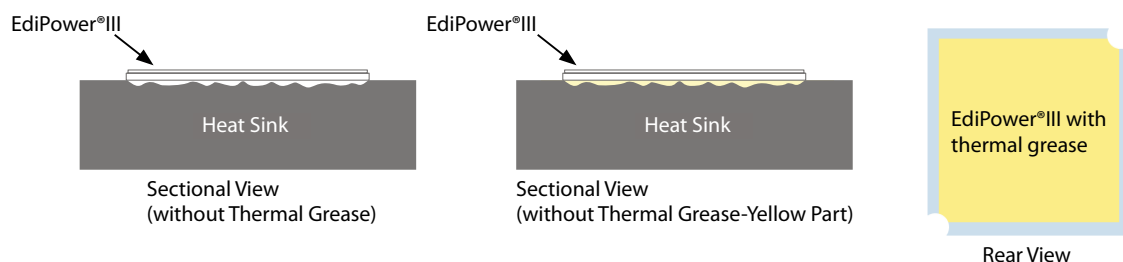
The power dissipation ability, the ambient temperature between the LED junction, environment, thermal path and its thermal resistance are the mean parameters which affect the performance of a LED device. Therefore, the limitation of the junction temperature has become an important issue when designing a LED product.

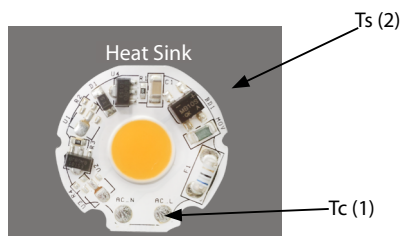
For LEDs, choose an appropriate operation environment and conduct the heat to the air after light on LEDs may maintain the better performance and lifetime. Four major thermal path are EdiPower®III

- (1) From heat source (component) to heat sink. (By conduction)
- (2) Conduction from within the heat sink to its surface. (By conduction)
- (3) Transfer from the surface to the surrounding air. (By convection)
- (4) Emit heat from the heat sink surface. (By Radiation)



Path(1): The contact surface of the component and heat sink are not perfectly flat, they are not able to meet each other completely. Air between these two materials will result high thermal resistance and reduce the effect of heat transfer. To enhance the ability of thermal conduction, one common method is applying thermal grease between the two interfaces and use the screws to enforce the adhesion between two surface.





Notes:  
1.  $T_c \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$   
2.  $\Delta (T_c - T_s) < 10^\circ\text{C}$

### Recommended thermal Grease Parameters

Characteristics	Value	Unit
Thermal Conductivity (K)	>3.0	W/m*K
Thickness	$\leq 0.1$	mm

- ✓ DO NOT touch any of the circuit board, components or terminals with body or metal while circuit is active.
- ✓ DO NOT add or change wires while circuit is active
- ✓ DO NOT make any modification on module.
- ✓ DO NOT use together with the materials containing Sulfur.
- ✓ DO NOT exceed the values given in this specification
- ✓ Keep cautions not to apply higher voltage above the maximum rating. Otherwise damage may occur.  
Pay attention not to exceed the maximum operation temperature of  $85^\circ\text{C}$  at the  $T_c$  Point when the modules are used in an enclosed environment.
- ✓ DO NOT assemble in conditions of high moisture and/or oxidizing gas such as  $\text{Cl}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $\text{SO}_2$ ,  $\text{NO}_x$ , etc.  
Damage by corrosion will not be allowed as defect claim. LED Module is recommended for Indoor use only.  
Long time exposure to sunlight or UV can cause the lens to discolor.
- ✓ Storage Conditions
- ✓ (1) Before opening the package: The LED light engines should be kept at  $30^\circ\text{C}$  or less and 90% RH or less.  
The LED light engines should be used within a year. When storing the LED light engines, moisture-proof packaging with moisture-absorbent material (silica gel) is recommended.
- (2) After opening the package: The LED light engines should be kept at  $30^\circ\text{C}$  or less and 70% RH or less. The LEDs should be soldered within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package. If unused LED light engines remain, they should be stored in moisture-proof packages, such as sealed containers with packages of moisture-absorbent material (silica gel). It is also recommended to return the LED light engines to the original moisture-proof bag and to reseal the moisture-proof bag again.
- (3) Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.



## Revision History

Versions	Description	Release Date
1	Establish a Datasheet	2019/05/20

## About Edison Opto

Edison Opto is a leading manufacturer of high power LED and a solution provider experienced in LDMS. LDMS is an integrated program derived from the four essential technologies in LED lighting applications- Thermal Management, Electrical Scheme, Mechanical Refinement, Optical Optimization, to provide customer with various LED components and modules. More Information about the company and our products can be found at [www.edison-opto.com](http://www.edison-opto.com)

Copyright©2019 Edison Opto. All rights reserved. No part of publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photo copy, recording or any other information storage and retrieval system, without prior permission in writing from the publisher. The information in this publication are subject to change without notice.

[www.edison-opto.com](http://www.edison-opto.com)

For general assistance please contact:  
[service@edison-opto.com.tw](mailto:service@edison-opto.com.tw)

For technical assistance please contact:  
[LED.Detective@edison-opto.com.tw](mailto:LED.Detective@edison-opto.com.tw)